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Cyber security for executives Nebraska Cyber Security Conference 26 July 2011





Today's discussion topics

- Introduction to Security on a Smarter Planet
- What matters to organizations
- Threats from inside and outside the organization
- Countering the threats: basic cyber security
- How IBM can help





Security on a Smarter Planet

The planet is getting more **Instrumented**, **Interconnected** and **Intelligent**.



162 million

Almost 162 million smart phones were sold in 2008, surpassing laptop sales for the first time.

90%

Nearly 90% of innovation in automobiles is related to software and electronics systems.

1 trillion

Soon, there will be 1 trillion connected devices in the world, constituting an "internet of things."

As the world gets smarter, demands on IT are growing:



Despite the risk, the reason we will all begin to transform our systems, operations, enterprises and personal lives to take advantage of a smart planet isn't just because we can. **It's because we must.**



Some consequences of this brave new world

- We are seeing a growing convergence between information and operational technologies.
- We are seeing a shift from infrastructure to applications as the preferred attack route.
- Systems have a larger "attack surface" via the Internet, thumb drives, social engineering, policy violations, etc.
- Attacks have moved from the realm of the personal to organized crime and state-sponsored groups.





Fundamentally, organizations care about two things

- The continuity of their operations, and
- Protecting sensitive/critical information

Or, put another way, staying out of the news and staying out of court!

- To achieve this, organizations need to:
 - Know who is coming into their systems,
 - Know what they did, and
 - 3. Be able to **prove it** to their internal auditors and external regulators.

Threats sources

External Threat

Inadvertent	 Natural disasters Economic upheaval Political unrest 	 Fraud Malware Denial of service Sophisticated, organized attacks
Inadv	 Unpatched systems Code vulnerabilities Lack of change control Human error or carelessness 	Back doorsInformation theftFraud

Insider Threat

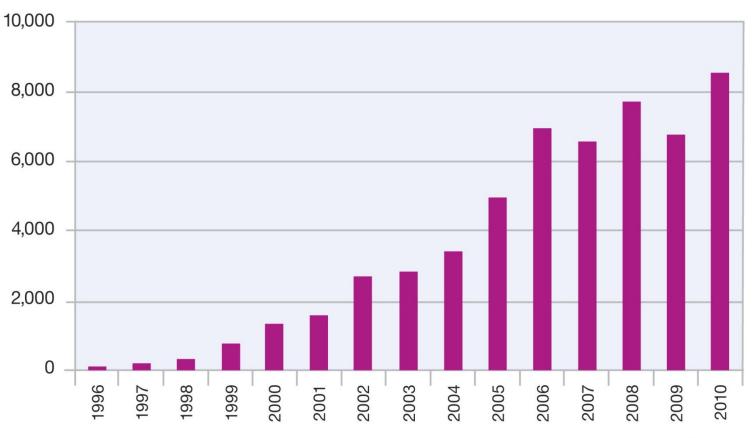
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Vulnerabilities continue to be disclosed

Vulnerability Disclosures Growth by Year

1996-2010

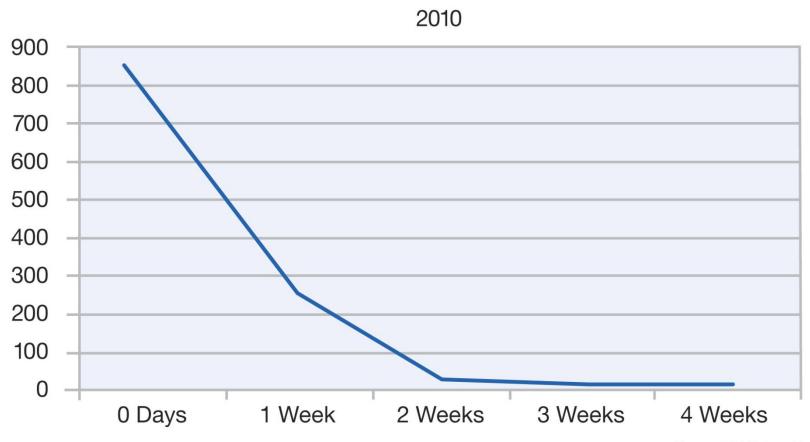


Source: IBM X-Force®



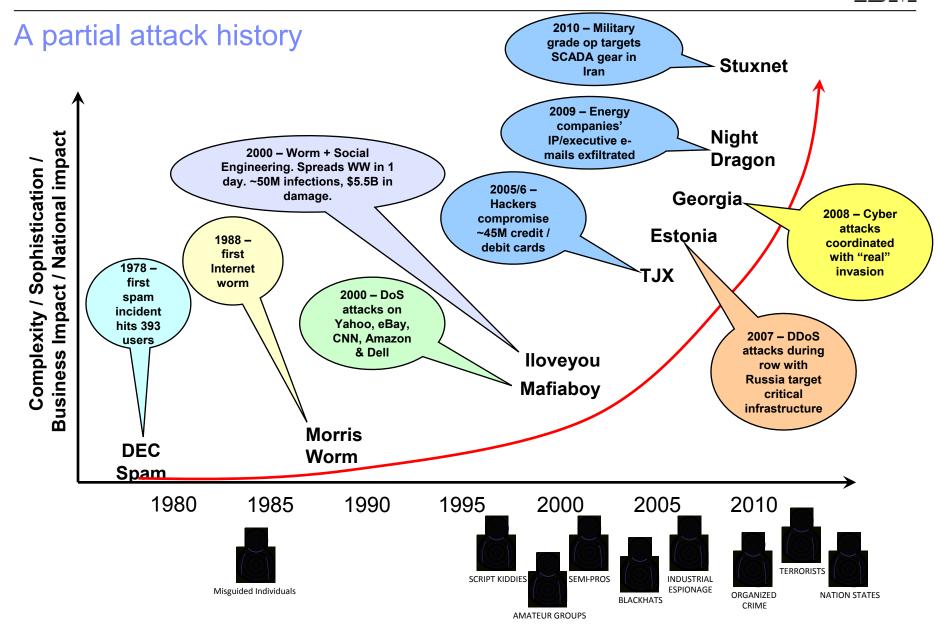
There's usually not much time between a disclosure and an exploit

Public Exploit Disclosure Timing by Weeks



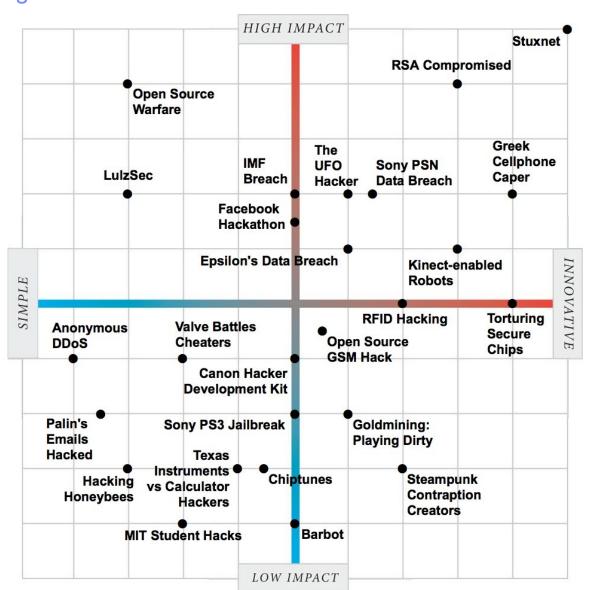
Source: IBM X-Force®







More recent attacks Source: IEEE.org





Cost of data breaches continue to rise (2009 to 2010 data)

- Ponemon Institute "2010 U.S. Cost of a Data Breach" report, published March 2011
 - Direct and indirect cost rose from \$204 to \$214 per record
 - Does not include reputational damage
 - Average cost of a breach rose from \$6.7M to \$7.2M
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services enforcing HIPAA HITECH protected health information rules, e.g.,
 - Massachusetts General Hospital pays \$1M due to loss of PHI by hospital employee.
 - University of California at Los Angeles Health System pays \$0.865M in HIPAA fines after an investigation found that its employees had been peeking at the electronic personal health information of numerous patients.
- Numerous state breach laws, with possible national breach notification law proposed
- Several recent high-profile data breaches, e.g.,
 - Citigroup,
 - U.S.G.,
 - Sony,

. .

Insiders remain a problem



Rogue trading

 October 5, 2010: French trader guilty over Société Générale scandal: Jérôme Kerviel jailed after being found guilty of all charges in trading fraud that cost bank €4.9bn

Theft of client records and proprietary trading systems

 December 11, 2010: Former Goldman Sachs Programmer Sergey Aleynikov convicted for theft of code from the highfrequency trading system that generates millions of dollars in annual profits





Theft of celebrity phone records

 September 28, 2010: India's Department of Telecommunications amended telecom licensing rules for national and international longdistance operators, to address security concerns on their networks

Viewing of protected health information

 January 12, 2011: TUCSON - Three University Medical Center workers were fired this week for accessing confidential medical records, a patient privacy violation.

One attack scenario: outsiders exploit insiders*



1. Criminals target someone in your organization



Targeting occurs via
Phishing, Spear
Phishing, and Social
Engineering. Malware is
introduced via infected
attachment in an email
or thumb drive, or by
directing your user to
click on a malicious link.
Malware can include
keystroke logging and
screen shot functions.



2. Malware is installed

*Note: the same basic approach is used to steal other assets. 3. Victim logs on to company's internet banking account

4. Malware collects and transmits account #s and passwords

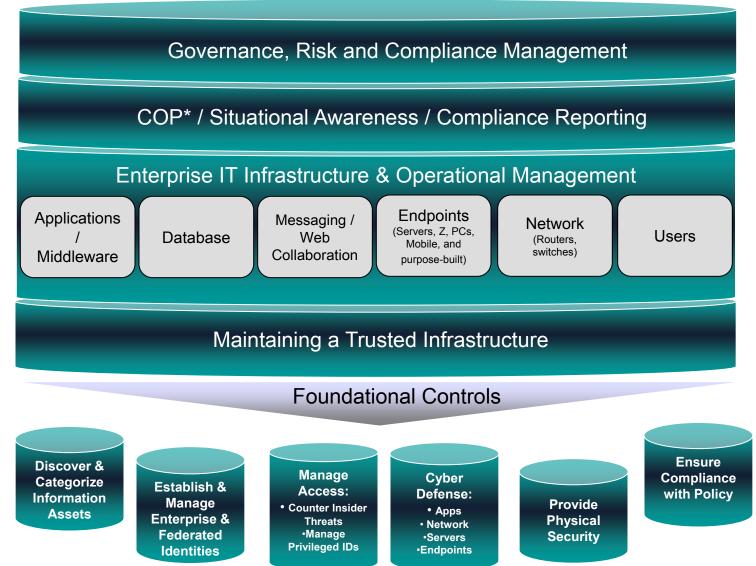


5.
Criminals
use stolen
internet
banking
credentials
to initiate
funds
transfer



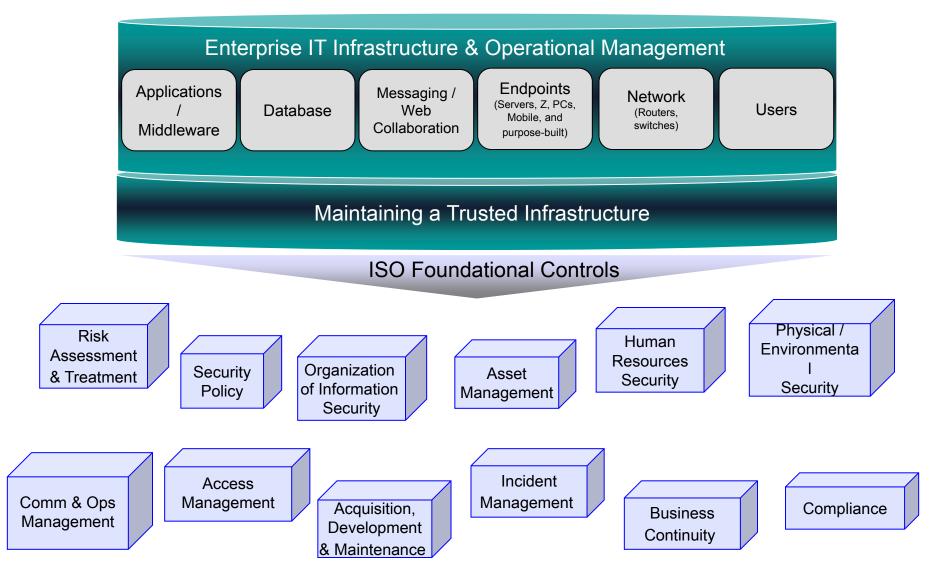
Countering the threats: foundational cybersecurity





Another view: standards-based maturity models





The future: automating security & resilience



Sense &

Respond Cyber

Defense:

acts on intelligence

from

advanced

analytics

Enables

automatic re-

configuration

& re-

provisioning

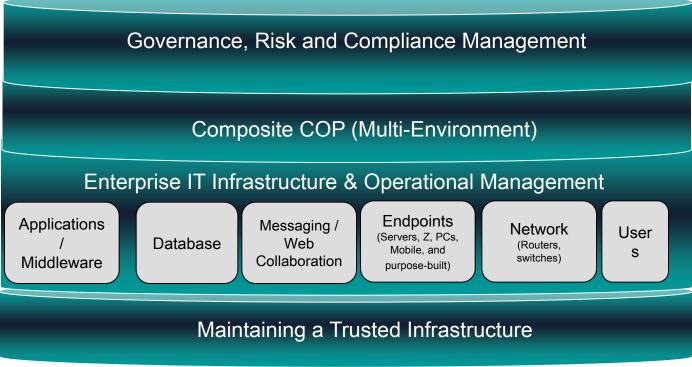


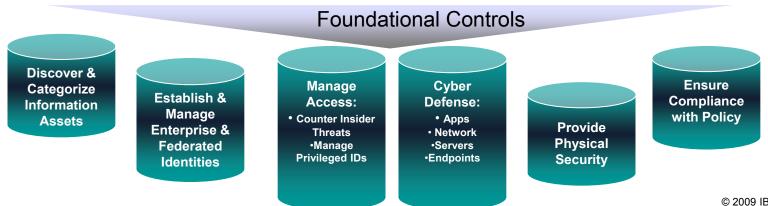
autonomic attack pattern recognition

machine and network speed

deep packet inspection

•enables
"intuitive
situational
awareness"





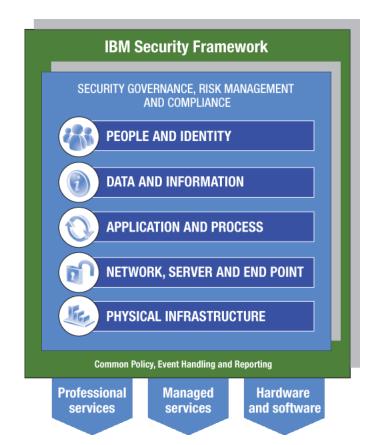


How can IBM help?

- Standards-based approaches
- Commercially available solutions for
 - Information discovery
 - Cyber security
 - Business continuity & resiliency
 - Asset management
 - Integrated, automated service management for cloud
 - Advanced analytics
- Security evaluations:
 - Common Criteria
 - CMVP

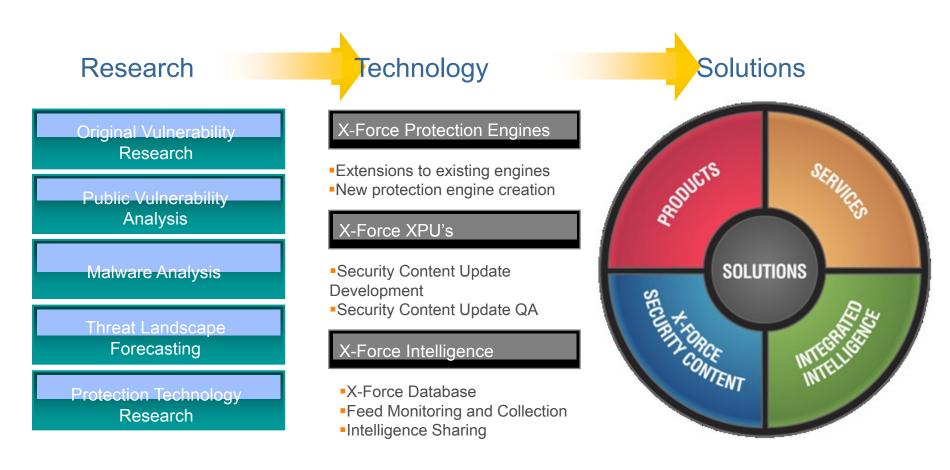
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- Extensive experience with our own operation
- Extensive experience managing security for clients
 - Managed Security Services (3,700+ clients)
 - Strategic Outsourcing Clients





The Importance of Research to Security: IBM Internet Security Systems X-Force® Research Team



The X-Force team delivers reduced operational complexity – helping to build integrated technologies that feature "baked-in" simplification-"Protecting people from themselves"



Resources

- www.ibm.com/security
- IBM Redguide: Introducing the IBM Security Framework and IBM Security Blueprint to Realize Business-Driven Security
- IBM Redguide: <u>Security in Development: The IBM Secure Engineering</u>
 Framework
- IBM Redbook: <u>IBM Security Solutions Architecture for Network, Server and Endpoint</u>
- IBM X-Force® 2010 Trend and Risk Report
- Cyber War, by Richard A. Clarke
- The IT Industry's Cybersecurity Principles for Industry and Government



